

New Solid Silver Goods.

PHOTO FRAMES,
THERMOMETERS,
BON BON DISHES,
FRUIT DISHES, ETC.

Challoner, Mitchell & Co.,

Jewellers 47 Government Street.

P. D. Corsets

Genuine and First-Class in Every Respect.

\$1.50 Per Pair

The Westside.

July 21st, 1896.

J. HUTCHESON & CO.

A Flyer.



Fruit Jars and Sugar.

The fruit season is at its height. We ready for it, and quite for this week.

1-2 Gallon Fruit Jars, per doz. \$.85
Quart Fruit Jars, per doz. .75
Pint Fruit Jars, per doz. .55
Sugar, granulated, 20 lbs. for . . . 1.00

Dixie H. Ross & Co.

Government Street.

Summer Cash Clearance Sale

—OF—
**CLOTHING,
MEN'S FURNISHINGS,
HATS, ETC.**
Commencing July 23rd
—AT—
S. REID'S,
122 GOVERNMENT STREET.

Goods have been marked down in order to insure a speedy clearance. New Fall Goods now on the way.

Goods charged will be entered at regular prices.

Mines.

We make a specialty of selling stocks in developed mines that we know are in the hands of legitimate mining men who know their business. If you want to make money in stocks consult us. Know what you are buying and you will not regret investing in B. C. mines.

Invest, Don't Speculate

And you will be all right. We can convince you that our opinion is worth something.

H. Cuthbert & Co'y.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

STRAYED—From Craigflower road, rough coated, culley puppy, four months old, suitable with white markings. Reward. R. Hamilton, Veterinary Surgeon, Broad street. Jy24-1f

WANTED—A general servant, No. 7 Duffin road. Jy24-3c

WANTED—A saloon, in the city. Address stating particulars. "Advertiser," Times office. Jy24-2c

LOST—From Lake District, Irish setter bitch, brought by returning to H. L. O'Brien, care Wellesley House. Jy24-3c

FOR SALE—Well bred 4-year-old horse, suitable for saddle or buggy. Apply 1st Douglas street. Jy24-1m

PAINT your buggy for \$1 with Mello's carriage paint. Jy24-1m

FOR SALE—Well bred 4-year-old horse, suitable for saddle or buggy. Apply 1st Douglas street. Jy24-1m

THE BEST HOUSEHOLD WELLINGTON COAL at lowest market prices. Full weight guaranteed. Only white labor employed. Munn, Holland & Co., Broad street, opposite the Drift. Yard at foot of Johnson street.

MELLO'S bath tub enamel for bathtubs. Mello's carriage paint for buggies or bicycles.

ROOF PAINT—\$1 per gallon at Mello's.

SHINGLES FOR SALE—Munn, Holland & Co., Broad street, opposite the Drift.

MELLO'S pure mixed paint, \$1.50 per imperial gallon.

King's Express.

Carrying Her Majesty's Mails, leaves Victoria for Esquimalt four times daily, as follows: 8 and 11 a.m., 2 and 5 p.m., returning leaves Esquimalt at 9 and 12 a.m., 3 and 6 p.m. All parcels left at Esquimalt, Wall & Co.'s will be promptly attended to. Telephone 85. Jy24-1f

Victoria Building Society

The Semi-Annual General Meeting of the above society will be held at Sir William Wallace Society Hall, Broad street, on THURSDAY, the 26th of July, 1896, at 8 p.m., for the purpose of receiving the secretary's report and balance sheet for the past half year, the holding of the said drawing for an appropriation, and such other business as may be brought before the meeting. See that your shares are in good standing.

By order, A. R. G. PLINT, Secretary.

Jy24-1f

Liberal Association.

A meeting of the Liberal Association will be held in the PHILHARMONIC HALL, Port street, on

Friday Evening, July 31, at 8 p.m.

BUSINESS—Election of officers and general organization work. A full attendance of the members is requested. GEO. HILLY, President. J. T. BETHUNE, Secretary.

POUND NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that on the 28th day of July, 1896, at the City Pound, situate on Chambers street, in the city of Victoria, at the hour of 2 o'clock p.m., I shall sell by public auction the following animals, viz: One bay mare and colt, mare branded "D" on left thigh, star in forehead; one bay horse, white stripe in forehead, and branded "L.B." on left shoulder; unless the said animals are redeemed and pound charges thereon paid on or before the hour of sale.

A. McINNIS, Pound Keeper.

Victoria, B. C., July 24th, 1896.

A JEALOUS HUSBAND'S ACT.

A Ytica Man Charged with the Murder of His Wife.

Ytica, N. Y., July 24.—What will probably prove a case of murder occurred at Stittville, a village about twelve miles from this city yesterday. The victim is the wife of David Smith, 36 years old, and was found beside her 6-year-old daughter lying on her bed with four bullet wounds in the head. The woman is supposed to have been alone at home when her death occurred. All the members of her family were away, but it is thought that her husband returned during the absence of the others and committed the deed. He has been jealous of her for some time and once attacked her with an axe. Smith is now in jail.

THE CORNER STONE OF A SUCCESSFUL BUSINESS.

ROYAL Baking Powder.

Highest of all in leavening strength.—U. S. Government Report

BRYANITES JUBILANT

Populists Will Probably Endorse Bryan Despite Opposition From the Faction.

Essential Declarations of the Platform Which It is Thought Will be Accepted.

Demand Free and Unrestricted Coinage of Silver Without Waiting for Foreign Nations.

St. Louis, July 24.—The Bryan supporters are jubilant. It was demonstrated yesterday after a stormy day in the Populist convention, that they had a majority of 194. They perfected their permanent organization, installed their candidate, Senator Allen, of Nebraska, as permanent chairman, and took charge of the machinery of the convention and committees. They will probably endorse Bryan despite the opposition and the threatened bolt of the "middle of the road" faction.

The sub-committee of twenty-five of the Populist committee on resolutions were at work until after midnight on the platform to be reported to a full committee to-day. As the sub-committee comprises a majority of the entire committee it is more than probable that its recommendations will be accepted. As far as the platform has been completed, its essential declarations are these:

"Through the action of the present and preceding administrations the country has reached a crisis in its national life, and prompt and patriotic action is the supreme duty of the hour. We realize that while we have political independence our financial and industrial independence has yet to be attained. The influence of European money-changers has been more potent in shaping legislation than the voice of the American people. Executive power and patronage has been used to corrupt our legislatures, defeat the will of the people and plutocracy has thus been enthroned upon the ruins of democracy.

"To restore the government of our fathers, and for the welfare of this and future generations, we demand the establishment of our economic and financial affairs on a system which shall make us masters of our own affairs, and independent of European control, by the adoption of the following declaration of principles:

"We demand the free and unrestricted coinage of silver and gold at a legal ratio of 16 to 1 by the United States, without waiting for the consent of foreign nations.

"We demand that the volume of our circulation be speedily increased to an amount sufficient to meet the demand of business.

"We denounce the sale of bonds and the increase of interest-bearing public debt, and demand absolutely the prohibition of the sale of bonds and the increase of public debt.

"We demand a graduated income tax to the end that aggregated wealth shall bear a just proportion of the taxation. We denounce the recent decision of the supreme court regarding the income tax law as the misinterpretation of the constitution.

"We demand that postal savings banks be established by the government for the safe deposit of the savings of the people.

"All agricultural and grazing lands now held by railroads and corporations in excess of their actual needs should by lawful means be reclaimed by the government and held for actual settlers only. The governments should own and operate railroads in the interests of the people. The telegraph, like the post office system, being a necessity for the transmission of the news, should be owned and operated by the government in the interests of the people."

There Hants, Ind., July 23.—Eugene V. Debs, last night said he was not going to attend the Populist convention at St. Louis, and would not accept the nomination for president if tendered him.

Chicago, July 24.—After a long debate a resolution was adopted by the gold Democrats yesterday that it was the sense of the meeting that a national Democratic platform be enunciated and candidates for president and vice-president chosen at a convention to be held not later than September 22. A committee from each state represented was appointed by the chairman to draft a call for the convention.

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STEVESTON SHOOTING.

"Tosh" McKenzie's Went to Sheehan's Cabin Looking for Trouble.

Vancouver, B. C., July 23.—An inquiry was held yesterday on Frank alias Tosh McKenzie, who was shot at Steveston last night by Ed. Sheehan. From the evidence it appears that some time ago McKenzie's mother rented a house at Steveston, intending to open it as a house of ill-fame. McKenzie paid a month's rent in advance, but, being an undesirable character, was ordered to leave the place. The owner of the house let it to Ed. Sheehan, who was occupying it when the shooting occurred. McKenzie went out to Steveston yesterday, with the intention of gaining possession of the house, and during an altercation drew a pistol. Sheehan was armed. He fired first, shooting McKenzie in the nose, the bullet taking an upward course and entering the brain. He then gave himself up. The verdict of the jury was that McKenzie died from the effects of a bullet wound inflicted by Sheehan. The latter is still in custody, and will come before the magistrate to-morrow.

FROM THE ORIENT.

N.P.S.S. Tacoma Arrives From Yokohama With an Unusually Large Cargo.

One of Her Passengers a Military Attache of the Famous Li Hung Chang.

The Northern Pacific steamship Tacoma, Capt. Whitaker, which left Yokohama on June 9th, arrived at the outer wharf at noon to-day. The passage was a pleasant one, fine weather being experienced all the way across. Her passengers include a number of Methodist missionaries. The list follows: Rev. J. E. Walker, Rev. O. E. Goddard, wife and child, J. R. P. H. Jordan, Rev. G. H. Pole, Mrs. Pole, Miss Williams, Miss M. Evington, Miss Lily Pole, Miss Neddy Pole, Miss Dorothy Pole, Master Reginald Pole, Miss. Sabey, Miss. Ravel, Mrs. F. M. Palmer, three children and nurse, Mr. Wm. Ford. Besides these there were in the steerage 39 Chinese for Victoria and the same number for Tacoma. Every inch of available inch of space on the big liner has been used to stow away the large cargo of freight. This afternoon 220 tons is being discharged at the outer wharf. This includes 47 bales of silk and some sugar for the Vancouver refinery. The balance, 2,965 tons, principally silk, will be discharged at Tacoma. The Tacoma will leave for the Sound about midnight.

One of the Chinese passengers on the Tacoma is a gentleman of considerable importance, in as much as he is a military attache of the famous Li Hung Chang. He is going overland to meet his master at New York, but before doing so he will spend a few days in Victoria. Accompanying the military gentleman is an interpreter and a servant.

Sault Ste. Marie, Mich., July 24.—When the steamer Northland was being loaded last night it was found that the lower gates would not close on account of one of the cables being broken. The steamer was pulled out and went through on the Canadian side.

THE NEW GOVERNMENT.

A Cabinet Council—The Premier Goes to Montreal.

Ottawa, July 24.—Hon. Mr. Laurier left this afternoon for Montreal, and will not return probably until August 3rd. Sir Richard Cartwright will leave to-night for the West.

There was a cabinet council lasting two hours this morning.

THE JAMISON TRIAL.

Prosecution Closes Its Case, and the Trial Is Adjourned.

London, July 24.—In the trial of Dr. Jamison, Major Sir John Willoughby, Counsel for the Crown, called Dr. E. White, Major R. White and Henry Coventry in the Queen's bench division of the high court of justice, the prosecution closed its case this morning. The defendants were accused of a violation of the foreign enlistment act in the case of the invasion of the South African republic in December last.

In his speech in the trial, Judge Scott said: "Oh, God, send wisdom, courage, and firmness among us, but, oh, God, deliver us from another four years of Mr. Cleveland."

CAMPED IN A TREE TOP.

Cloudburst Forces Pileholders to Mount High.

Springfield, Ohio, July 24.—A cloudburst occurred here last night, and everything was flooded. People in the east and are moving upstairs on account of the overflow of Buck Creek. A crowd of young campers at Redoubt's Mill have been perched in the trees all night.

SATOLLI TO REMAIN.

Apostolic Delegate in Continuing His Labors in America.

New York, July 24.—The Freeman's Journal has information from a trustworthy source that the Pope has given Cardinal Satolli the choice of returning to Rome or remaining in America, and the apostolic delegate has decided to remain.

VERY LIKELY A LIE.

Laughable "Frisco Fake" About "Polluted Refugees."

San Francisco, July 24.—When the Starline sailed for Australia today she had among her passengers two political refugees from England; ring-leaders in the Jewish-naturalist outbreaks who left Paris three weeks ago at the instance of the British government, in order to make themselves inaccessible as valuable witnesses for the official inquiry into the origin of the uprising in South Africa. The men are seen on their way to Australia. One captain is W. K. Patterson, of Stirling, Scotland, bound for Sydney. The other is Thomas Graham, an Englishman, upon whose calling card appears the address "2nd West 15th street, New York. His destination is Brisbane.

"FORGIVE ME, LENA"

Interesting Letter From Yards-Buller to His Wife Read in Court To-Day.

He Confesses to Have Behaved in a "Weak and Blackguardly Manner."

The Co-Respondent, Gadsden, was a San Francisco Music Teacher.

London, July 24.—The cross-examination of Hon. Walter Yards-Buller, in his action for divorce from Lillah Kirkham Yards-Buller, formerly of San Francisco, was concluded before the Right Hon. Sir Francis Henry James to-day. To-day the petitioner admitted he had written a letter to his wife in June, 1893, in which he had said:

"To think my hand has brought all this sorrow on your head; that forgive my sins against you. I can offer no excuse. I have behaved in a weak and blackguardly manner, without cause. I have no reason to act in the wicked and cowardly way I have done. I will try to expiate my sins. You have been perfectly blameless and have never given me cause to say an unkind word against you. I ask forgiveness, Lena. Give me one more chance and I will be different. I will work and slave to redeem your respect."

Mr. Yards-Buller admitted he was writing the truth when he was penning the foregoing sentences. He had requested the doctor to ascertain and certify if his wife were insane. He had himself gone to Chertsey Court to see his wife. He had taken a pane of glass out of the window in order to obtain ingress to the house. He had written Lord Chertsey, his brother, to the effect that he (the petitioner) had been entirely wrong in stating his wife drank to excess, and therefore he retracted the charges. He was not aware his wife had been obliged to do household work for herself and children at Chertsey Court. She herself had dismissed the servants. He had never bruised nor hurt his wife except when acting in self-defence; he had not ordered her out of the house nor told her to go on the street.

On re-direct examination, Mr. Yards-Buller testified that at the time he made the acquaintance of Valentine Gadsden, in San Francisco, the latter was teaching music. The petitioner's wife had introduced them, saying, "You ought to know that man, he is my cousin, Cyril Flowers." Gadsden is co-respondent in the pending action.

London, July 24.—The corpse of Mr. West, who accompanied the Ancient and Honorable Artillery Company of Boston, on their visit to this country, and who died in the North of Ireland, was shipped to the United States on board the Cunard line steamer Servia from Liverpool yesterday.

A FAIRLY GOOD HAUL.

Highwaymen Get \$500 and Twelve Gold Watches.

Crimle Creek, Cal., July 24.—The Crimle Creek stage was held up this morning near Grassy, five miles east of here, by three masked men. They obtained 12 gold watches and \$500 in cash. The passengers included thirteen men and two or three ladies. The latter were not molested by the robbers. A posse with blood hounds are on the track of the bandits.

JUDGE SCOTT'S PRAYER.

Implores That America May be Saved From Cleverland.

St. Louis, July 24.—The silver convention was called to order by chairman St. John shortly before 11 o'clock. It was said by some of the leaders that the program was to take no action until the Populists had adopted a platform and so-called candidates. But the silver convention would endorse them and go over to the People's party.

In his speech in the silver convention Judge Scott said: "Oh, God, send wisdom, courage, and firmness among us, but, oh, God, deliver us from another four years of Mr. Cleveland."

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A PANIC AVERTED.

Leading Banks are Turning Gold Into the United States Treasury.

Joint Action of New York Financiers Expected to Relieve the Tension.

New York, July 23.—The strain upon the resources and temper of the financial community for some time, owing to the steady shrinkage of the prices of exchange securities, has recently been intensified by political and other causes. In consequence, rumors have steadily melted away on a panic scale, though without visible excitement or open disaster. The market has appeared to be entirely unsupported, and its only support during the last few weeks has been the spasmodic buying of our securities at times on a large scale for foreign account. The fact that the commercial balance of trade is in our favor, and that but for the result of the prevailing gloomy sentiment the movement of gold should be toward instead of against the United States, aggravates the situation. The dominant influences have been the steady export of the metal and the consequent rapid process of depletion of the government gold reserve.

On July 11 the free gold held amounted to \$100,245,000. By July 18 the reserve had fallen to \$96,703,021, and at the close of business yesterday it stood \$86,780,180. These figures were further reduced today by withdrawals amounting to \$3,375,000, including \$2,000,000 for export to-morrow, bringing the total down to \$83,405,180. The decrease in the eleven days amounted to nearly \$17,000,000. The continued strength of the foreign exchange market clearly indicates a steady outflow of gold and the transfer of credits from this country to Europe.

The judgment of the best financial authorities is that the government could market a further issue of either a 4 1/2 or 5 per cent. bonds at par, but the policy of such action is admitted to be bad, in view of such probable political effects. The sharp decline in securities recently had created a sentiment of profound discouragement in Wall street, and the gravity of the situation was keenly appreciated in high financial and banking circles. President Fred Tappan, of the Galatia National bank, who is the chairman of the clearing house committee for the New York associated banks, began missionary work a few days ago among his brother bankers with a view of securing pledges to protect the rapidly dwindling treasury gold reserve by placing at the disposal of the government a substantial part of their holdings in gold in exchange for legal tender notes, and succeeded in obtaining offers aggregating about \$13,000,000. Conditional offers of about \$5,000,000 have been received from other New York and Boston and Philadelphia banks. The successful progress that was being made helped to rally the stock market to a partial extent, although in the opinion of many financiers the remedy was not likely to have more than a temporary effect. The street had previously witnessed the disappearance of enormous sums of gold under almost similar conditions to those now prevailing.

To-day, however, a complete change in the financial temperature took place when it became known that J. P. Morgan and others had called a meeting of the great banking houses with a view to concerted action to prevent exports of gold within the next sixty days. The meeting was attended by representatives of all the leading international banking houses. There were also present John A. McCall, of the New York Life Insurance Company; Mr. W. H. Crossman, of Crossman & Bros.; Philip Fisk, of Harvey Fisk & Sons, and other financiers. The conference lasted over an hour, and after adjournment it was announced that an agreement had been made and a committee appointed to elaborate details for a plan for the protection of the treasury gold reserve. The committee consists of J. P. Morgan, chairman; John Crosby Brown, of Brown Bros. Co.; A. Luitzen, of August Belmont & Co.; Jacob H. Schiff, of Kuhn, Loeb & Co.; W. Seligman, of Spreyer & Co.; H. Eckelheimer, of Hecelbach, Eckelheimer & Co., and E. Mayer, of Lazard Freres. No details of the proposed plan were obtainable, but the popular impression in the street is that a pool for the sale of sixty day bills will be formed. This is mere conjecture, however.

At all events the practically joint action of the New York banks and of the gold exporting houses is of the first importance, and it is expected to cause a decided change in the situation. By September 1st grain and cotton will be in the market to a sufficient extent to exert an important favorable influence on the exchange market. In the last hour of business it became known that the banks in pursuance of their agreement were turning substantial amounts of gold into the sub-treasury. The effect of the news and of the agreement reached between the gold shipment houses was to impart a decided buoyancy to the stock market. London appeared to have an inkling of what was forthcoming and it has recently been and was to-day a fairly large buyer of our securities.

The exact amount of gold turned into the sub-treasury by the banks in exchange for legal tender notes to-day was \$7,750,000.

Van Hoffman & Co. will ship \$750,000 in gold to-morrow to Germany; Hecelbach, Eckelheimer & Co., \$250,000; Kuhn Loeb & Co., \$750,000; Lazard Freres & Co., \$500,000; total \$2,250,000.

Washington, July 23.—Secretary Lamont has returned from New York. He spent some time in conference with Secretary Carlisle this morning. It can be stated positively that the administration has not now, and has not had recently, any intention to resort to another bond issue for the purpose of replenishing the gold reserve.

Head's Sarsaparilla purifies the blood, overcomes that tired feeling, creates an appetite, and gives refreshing sleep.

VASTNESS OF ST. PETER'S.

The building is so far beyond any familiar proportions that at first sight all details are lost upon its broad front. The mind and imagination are dazzled and staggered. The earth should not be able to bear such weight upon its crust without cracking and bending like an overloaded table. On each side the colonades run curving out like giant arms, always open to receive the nations that go up there to worship. The dome broods over all like a giant's head motionless in meditation.

The vastness of the structure takes hold of a man as he issues from the street by which he has come from St. Angelo. In the open space in the square and in the ellipse between the colonades and on the steps, 200,000 men could be drawn up in rank and file, horse and foot and arms. Excepting it be on some special occasion, there are rarely more than some two or three hundred people in sight. The paved emptiness makes one draw a breath of surprise, and human eyes seem too small to take in all the flatness below, all the breadth before and all the height above.

Taken together, the picture is too big for convenient sight. The impression itself moves awfully in the cramped brain. A building almost 500 feet high produces a monstrous effect upon the mind—set down in words a description of it conveys to clear conception, seen for the first time the impression produces

FROM OLD LONDON.

A Sensational Divorce Case Being Ventilated in the London Courts.

How Salisbury Was Caught Napping—Sir John Mills Reported Seriously Ill.

London, July 24.—The trial of the Yard-Buller divorce case began yesterday before the Rt. Hon. Sir Francis Henry Jeune. The plaintiff is Hon. Walter Yard-Buller, brother of Lord Churston, and member of a distinguished Devonshire family. The defendant, Mrs. Lillah Yard-Buller, is a daughter of the late General R. W. Kirchner, a former wealthy resident of San Francisco. The Yard-Bullers were married in 1884. The plaintiff alleges cruelty and adultery on the part of the defendant with Mr. Valentine Gadsden. Mrs. Yard-Buller denies all the allegations and makes counter-charges. The plaintiff's petition recites the facts of his marriage with the defendant, who was then the widow of Mr. Boyle Blair, an

Irish land bill, which provides that in purchase transactions the land committee shall advance money in lieu of the stock heretofore issued. An amendment moved by Sir Thomas Esmond, seeking to continue the existing arrangement, was carried by a decided majority. The whole clause was then withdrawn on a motion by Balfour. The defeat of the government was totally unexpected, and is ascribed to the absence of many ministerial members at the royal wedding. Sir Thos. Esmond's amendment was supported by all the Irish members and by the Irish landlords.

A dispatch from Bulawayo on the morning of July 22, which was received here to-day, reports that Laing's column was attacked on Monday while lagged south of the Matopos hills. The Matopos were repulsed with a loss of 90 killed, while of the whites four were killed and of the friendly cooperating with the whites 25 were killed. A large number were wounded.

Advices from Salonica say that the Turkish troops have had a battle with the Macedonian insurgents at Demir Bazar, in which the insurgents lost 500 men. The Turkish troops pursued the insurgents, who took refuge in the mountains of Pervin.

Sir John E. Mills, president of the Royal Academy, has had a relapse, and his condition is grave.

The tariff between Colombia and Jamaica has already crippled the com-

MYSTERIOUS BUILDINGS.

For centuries past the ingenuity of learned men has been exercised on the Noriole of Sardinia, but to this day they have no more been able to discover the origin of these famous buildings than had the Romans before them. They are unable to say whether they were used for tombs or for temples, for temples of victory, for observatories, or merely for human dwelling places.

More than three thousand of them have been counted in Sardinia, standing on artificial mounds thirty to sixty feet high, and measuring at the base 100 to 300 feet in circumference. They are usually in the shape of towers, built with immense blocks of stone roughly hewn with hammers. No cement is used in their structure, nor is there any inscription to indicate their origin.

A low entrance at one side leads into a low and lofty passage, communicating by a very low door with a domed chamber beyond. On either side of this small circle have been formed in the walls a spiral staircase, rising steeply from the dome, leads to another, but somewhat smaller chamber above, and again beyond this to the broken top of the Noriole. Nothing has been found within these buildings, and to this day their existence is a mystery.

In the same vicinity other buildings have been discovered which are no less puzzling to antiquaries. The general opinion is that they were built for the purpose of burying giants.

The most interesting archaeological mysteries of England are the Barrows of Dorset and Middlesex. They are perpendicular shafts sunk in the earth with lateral caves at the bottom, but the purpose for which they were dug out has never been discovered. It is possible, however, that they might have been used as granaries, or even as places of refuge in time of war.

The Barrows of Dorset form an interesting study, the only conclusion that has been arrived at, however, being that they were inhabited at some remote age by a race of



"HISTORY REPEATS ITSELF."

The end of Charles the First and the dawn of a New Era under Oliver the Protector (& Co.)

ed by it cannot be put into language. It is sometimes like a shock to the intelligence, perhaps, and not altogether a pleasant one. Carried beyond the limits of a mere mistake exaggeration becomes caricature; but when it is magnified beyond humanity's common measures it may acquire an element approaching to terror. The awe-stricken giants of mythology were but magnified men. The first sight of St. Peter's affects one as though, in the everyday streets, walking among one's fellows, one should meet with a man 40 feet high—Marion Crawford in the Century for July.

—Mrs. Rodie Noah, of this place, was taken in the night with cramping pains and the next day diarrhoea set in. She took half a bottle of blackberry cordial, but got no relief. She then sent me to see if I had anything that would help her. I sent her a bottle of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy and the first dose relieved her. Another of our neighbors had been sick for about a week and had tried different remedies for diarrhoea, but kept getting worse. I sent him this same remedy. Only four doses of it were required to cure him. He says he owes his recovery to this wonderful remedy. —Mrs. Mary Sibley, Sibley, Mich. For sale by all druggists. Henderson Bros. & Langley, wholesale agents, Victoria and Vancouver.

Englishman who had died in the British consular service in South Africa, when he settled \$65,000 upon her, but subject to the life interest of his mother.

Soon after the marriage, it is alleged, he discovered that his wife was given to drink. After their return to England, it is further alleged, the defendant threatened to kill the petitioner with a knife and struck him with a silver-mounted baton.

Mrs. Yard-Buller testified in support of the allegations contained in the petition. He also denied the accusations of adultery which his wife brought against him in his counter-petition. He and his wife had separated, but were reunited in 1894. His wife, however, continued to behave like a mad woman. Once she took poison. She locked herself in the drawing room and made strange noises. Sometimes she locked her husband out of the house. Upon one occasion she struck him with a dinner plate. One night she insisted upon going to the Alhambra music hall, and afterwards to the Cafe Cavour, a resort of the dead-mounds, where she made a strange woman and locked him out of the house. Under cross-examination the petitioner denied that his domestic troubles arose from his drinking and fast living. He had never struck his wife, he testified, although he had signed a statement that he had done so.

The house of commons yesterday considered in committee clause 24 of the

cial and agricultural interests of the island and the heretofore flourishing cattle-raising industry. The petkeepers has expended a vast amount in cattle-rearing and now cannot find a market in Kingston, where the Columbian cattle are cheaper than the native stock. The Jamaican petkeepers want the government to protect them by raising the import duty on cattle from \$1 to \$8 a head.

ONE HONEST MAN.

Dear Editor.—Please inform your readers that if written to confidentially I will mail in a sealed letter, guarantee of a genuine, honest, home cure by which I was permanently restored to health and manly vigor, after years of suffering from nervous debility, sexual weakness, night losses and weak snoring parts. I was robbed and swindled by the quacks until I nearly lost faith in mankind, but, thank heaven, I am now well, vigorous and strong, and wish to make this certain means of cure known to all sufferers. I have nothing to sell, and want no money, but being a firm believer in the universal brotherhood of man, I am desirous of helping the unfortunate to regain their health and happiness. I promise you perfect secrecy, and as I do not wish to expose myself either, please address simply: P. O. Box 388, London, Ont.

—Boys, get your lacrosse and running shoes from Gilmore & McCandless.

dwarfs. The district is covered with hundreds of green mounds, beneath which, when the earth has been removed, it is seen that there are tiny underground buildings.

A small opening, through which a man is barely able to crawl on his hands and knees, gives access to the interior and divides into several smaller chambers. Each one communicates with the other by a small hole, a smaller aperture being made in the outer wall for the purpose of ventilation. A rude fireplace is sometimes found in a remote corner, but no outlet beyond the hole for ventilation is provided for the smoke. Very little more than this is known about these mysterious habitations.

Rubbing It In.

Never use a liniment for rheumatism, says a high medical authority. Don't rub it in—drive it out. Take something that removes the acid poison from the blood—take something that will improve your digestion and build up the body to the perfection of robust health. That "something" is Scott's Sarsaparilla, a remedy that obtains the best results in the shortest time. \$1. of all druggists.

WEDDING AFFETTES IN GERMANY.

Despite the agricultural depression in Germany there are still many old style peasants who keep to the tried, expensive customs of their forefathers. Rural wedding, for instance, come very high, even a simple wedding, says a Berlin correspondent, was celebrated in Pankowdorf, near Salzwedel, the other day, the groom being a peasant named Fritz Wilmann and the bride being the daughter of another peasant, her name being Marie Rohlf. In the wedding procession there were thirty

out-riders, a large band, fifty-four young girls in white as bridesmaids, and 500 wedding guests. The bride gave the church a solid silver chalice as a wedding gift. There were two enormous tents erected on the farm of the groom and two twelve, six chairs, three boxes, forty chickens, 200 fishes, 200 large cakes, 200 pounds of butter, 200 eggs, 500 pounds of white bread, fourteen huge cakes of beer, 100 bottles of wine and a keg of spirits were used up during the three days' feasting that followed the ceremony at the church.



CURE

Rick Headache and relieve all the troubles incident to a bilious state of the system, such as Dizziness, Stomach, Bowel, Distress after eating, Pain in the Side, &c. While their most remarkable success has been shown in curing

SICK

Headache, yet Carter's Little Liver Pills are equally valuable in Constipation, during and preventing this annoying complaint, while they also correct all disorders of the stomach, stimulate the liver and regulate the bowels. Even if they only cure

HEAD

ache they would be almost priceless to those who suffer from this distressing complaint, but fortunately their goodness does not end here, and those who once try them will find these little pills valuable in so many ways that they will not be willing to do without them. Try after all sick head

ACHE

is the cause of many lives that have been saved by Carter's Little Liver Pills.

Carter's Little Liver Pills are very small and very easy to take. One or two pills make a dose. They are strictly vegetable and do not grip or purge, but by their gentle action cleanse the whole system. Price 25 cents. Live for St. Sold everywhere, or sent by mail. CARTER MEDICINE CO., New York.

Small Pill. Small Dose. Small Price.

WHITE STAR BAKING POWDER PURE & WHOLESOME

...ALL GOES...

"Merry as a Marriage Bell"

IN HOMES WHERE

White Star Baking Powder IS USED.

For the "Blue Devils" of indigestion cannot resist the pure and wholesome baking which so uniformly results from the use of this matchless powder.

WHITE STAR BAKING POWDER HAS THE LARGEST DEMAND IN CANADA

Public Notice

Owing to the readiness with which he is making a main repair at the City Street Light Station, the street lighting service will be discontinued from and after Monday, 27th inst., until said repair have been completed.

By order,

WELLINGTON J. DOWLER, C. M. E.

City Clerk's Office, July 19, 1896.

Tenders

Sealed tenders will be received by tendered up to 4 p.m. on Monday, 27th inst., for 450 feet, more or less, 10-inch dia. No. 1 quality salt glass vitrified socket sewer pipe, and 275 feet more or less, of 9-inch dia. No. 1 quality salt glass vitrified socket sewer pipe, to be delivered within three days from date of order, at the pipe shed, on Funder street, and to pass inspection of the City Engineer.

The lowest or any tender not necessary accepted.

WM. W. NORTHCOTT,

Purchasing Agent for the Corporation.

City Hall, Victoria, B. C., July 19, 1896.

ESTABLISHED 1864.

Victoria Loan Office

125 GOVERNMENT ST.

MONEY TO LOAN

On any approved security. Business and

Private advances, Pendergast Street.

F. Landsberg, Prop.

P. O. Box 984.

JULY.

S.	M.	T.	W.	T.	F.	S.
5	6	7	8	9	10	11
12	13	14	15	16	17	18
19	20	21	22	23	24	25
26	27	28	29	30	31	

JOSHUA DAVIES

AUCTIONEER
Room 7, Board of Trade Building.



The Daily Times.

A TIMELY REBUKE.

Some Conservative papers whose temper were too sorely tried by the recent reverse have been diligently seeking comfort in slinging mud at the people of Quebec, whom they quite erroneously blame for their defeat. The chief Tory organ, the Mail and Empire, is peculiarly persistent in this unbecoming work. That these stupid tactics do not commend themselves to all the Conservative press is clearly shown by the following remarks from the Toronto World:

"During the campaign which ended in the defeat of the Conservatives, the Mail and Empire thought it best to champion the cause of the party by dwelling on the weak spots and the inconsistencies in the policy of the then Opposition. Hardly a word had it to say in explanation or in defence of the Tupper policy. The Mail and Empire's meretricious tactics contributed largely to the defeat of the party. After defeat it assumes a similar idiotic course. All its energy is now spent in proving that the French-Canadians are a despicable set of people. The electorate of this country are not as dense or as stupid as the Mail and Empire assumes them to be. Of these some French-Canadians had voted the Tupper ticket, the Mail and Empire would have had no bad word to say of them. The Mail and Empire is altogether too clever. Its trades against the French do no damage whatever to that race; they merely recoil and at the author of them squarely in the face. The rotten eggs that the blundering Mail is throwing at the French will all come back and be hurled at the Mail itself. The Mail and Empire is a snail. It emits an odor that permeates the whole country. Instead of vilifying those whose support it formerly crawled upon its knees to obtain, the Mail and Empire would be furthering the interests of the Conservative party much better if it took a hand in the movement to get rid of the bad elements in the party, and place it on a more respectable footing. The Conservative party will get back to power when it is led by men who enjoy the confidence and respect of the French. The Conservative policy is all right. Where we are weak is in the personnel of our leadership. Let us proceed in the right way to rehabilitate our party. Let us recognize in the first place that the public are not fools. The best way to secure return of their confidence in the Conservative party is by elevating the personnel of that party, not by denouncing it or that section of the electorate. The blame for our recent defeat is attributable to three or four ex-ministers of the Mail and Empire. This attempt to fasten it on the French is more than foolish. It is a blunder."

The weaker minded brethren who read the French-Canadians simply because they see the Mail and Empire do so might well pause for a moment and consider the words of the more astute World.

HOW THE MONEY GOES.

A critic of the provincial government's system of road-making appears in the pages of the Wellington Enterprise, which strongly advocates reform in order that a proper return may be secured for the expenditure. The Enterprise is far from being alone in believing that a great amount of the provincial road expenditure is wasted; and the waste is not confined to the road department by any means. We may cite an instance which has so far been covered from the public eye. It concerns the Cowichan river, which copious stream is somewhat troublesome to those who live near its lower course by reason of its inclination to times of freshet to wash away its banks in places. About half-way between the railway and the sea

the river divides into what are known as the north and south branches. In former times the latter branch was the heavier, but the water has of late gone more and more the other way until at present it has left the south branch practically dry. Last fall a gentleman who lives near the north branch became alarmed over this tendency of the river to come his way, and he conceived the idea that it would be well to have the water sent back into the south branch. Through the usual channels the proposal came before the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works, a local engineer was employed to estimate the cost of the necessary dam across the north branch, and when he named \$400 as the amount required, that sum was granted by the Chief Commissioner. The building of the dam was entrusted to the local engineer mentioned. When about half the money had been expended on the dam a gentleman whose place is situated on the south branch heard of the work being done, and he in turn objected to the water being all sent in his direction. In consequence of his protest a competent engineer was sent up from Victoria to report upon the scheme. His verdict was entirely condemnatory, and he recommended that the part of the dam already built should be removed. This the department ordered to be done, and it is said that it took just the rest of the \$400 to execute this order. Could any person devise a more efficient way of wasting the people's money? And this is not all. While money was being thrown away on this abortive dam project an artificial embankment near the railway bridge was left incomplete because of want of funds to carry it on a little further. As a consequence, the spring freshet washed it nearly all away, and the money spent upon it has followed the \$400 squandered on the dam at the forks. How many similar instances of a waste of public funds occur every year no man knows, but there can be no reasonable doubt that they are numerous.

Speaking of the Laurier ministry the Montreal Shareholder says: "So far as ability, education, business experience and a thorough knowledge of the requirements of the country are concerned, a more capable body of men could not be brought into any ministry. We feel certain that they will do credit to those who have been instrumental in placing them in their present positions, and we are confident that the country, and especially the commercial community, will have reason to regard the change with the highest satisfaction, and they will look with contempt upon the frantic efforts which their unprincipled opponents are putting forth to belittle them, which are calculated to injure the country rather than the government."

FAVORITISM.

To the Editor:—Allow me permission through your valuable paper to call the attention of the public to the way the minor and board of aldermen are running this city. About three months ago I, as a property owner, received a notice from the city solicitor that I had to connect my house with the main sewer within thirty days, and if not done by that time legal proceedings would be taken against me. I, as an honest man, took it for granted it had to be done and set to work and had a sketch or plan made, then called for tenders and gave the job to the lowest tenderer. It is now over a month since the thirty days was allowed, and yet no steps have been taken to compel those who have not connected with the main sewer to connect. It looks to me as if the honorable names of mayor and aldermen are used as wire pulling machines, and that the men that use them are afraid of injuring the feelings of their bosom friends. If that is the case the sooner they step out and allow men with some independence to take their places the better it will be for all concerned, so that we will have men that will labor for the people and not for the few. When Ald. Macmillan was the chairman of the sewerage committee last year he used his independence and tried to make every one alike, but that step has been laid aside this year and whenever the chairman of this year's committee was he I can assure him he will have to give an account of himself if he should come before the people for re-election.

JOHN A. AND THE OFFICE HOLDERS.

To the Editor: "I remember when I was but a boy." At that time by a fortuitous combination of outward circumstances the Liberal government of Mr. Mackenzie was defeated and Sir John's party came into power. There was much sinking of the knees among the Liberal office-holders. John A.'s party has not promised that every Liberal would have to walk the plank, or to use the simile of that time, "Like the children of Israel going up out of Egypt, not one of us will be left behind." A commission was accordingly appointed to enquire particularly into the manner in which the Liberals had managed the Intercolonial and P. E. Island railways. Nothing worthy of death was discovered, but it was considered advisable to effect a reorganization of the systems. They therefore issued notices in the following form to those whom they loved least:

Department of Public Works.
Ottawa, April 25th, 1893.
Sir,—In the reorganization of the staff of the Intercolonial and the Prince Edward Island railway (as the case might be) your name does not appear on the list.

Yours truly,
COLLINGSWOOD SCHREIBER,
Chief Eng. Govt. Railways.

John A. stuck to his word: not a Liberal hoof was spared. Your readers probably have heard of the fate of Mr. Buckingham, who had been Premier Mackenzie's private secretary, and who was fired promptly and without explanation from Sir John's own office of the



CHASE & SANBORN'S Seal Brand Coffee is the "finest grown." For perfect results follow directions in each can.

Packed ground or unground in cans only.
CHASE & SANBORN,
BOSTON, MONTREAL, CHICAGO.

interior. But that was only one among thousands. It was only necessary to re-arrange the Liberal benches to insure a visit from the destroying angel. In the name then of a sturdy Canadianism which takes hard blows and is able to give them, why this whine, this wailing, this weeping of the Colonist? If Mr. Fawcett is making changes in his department and replacing enemies with friends, who would prevent him? Does this paper feel the Colonist expect favor to its party from the Liberal government? Did not the Conservatives when in power take every mean advantage of their opponents, did they not trample on every right, and every principle their opponents held dear, threaten in parliament legislate them out of existence if possible in the country and actually deprive them of seats in the house by the wicked use of a partisan majority? Doubt it not, if this is not, yourself and your party have come to judgment.

NEMESIS.
THE SAMOAN INCIDENT.
The following poem, from a recently published volume by Caroline and Alice Duer, will be read with interest by all of the Anglo-Saxon race:

AN INTERNATIONAL EPIRODE.
(March 14, 1889.)
We were ordered to Samoa from the coast of Panama,
And for two long months we sailed the sea,
Till we made the horseshoe harbor with its curving coral bar,
Smelt the good green smell of grass and shrub, and saw the palm trees waving with the breeze.

We had barely room for swinging with the tide—
There were many of us crowded in the bay;
Three Germans, and the English ships,
Our three—and from the Treston, where she lay.
Through the sunset calms and after
We could hear the shrill, sweet laughter
Of the children's voices on the shore at play.
We all knew a storm was coming, but
Dear God! no man could dream
Of the furious hell-borers of that day:
Through the roar of winds and waters we
Could hear wild voices scream—
See the rocking masts reel by us through
the spray.
In the gale we drove and drifted helplessly.
With our rubber guns, our engine fires
dried,
And none might another hour to see;
For all the air was desperate with the sound
Of the brave ships' restlessness—
Of the shrieking souls sucked under—
North the waves, where many a good man's grave was found.

About noon, upon our quarter, from the deeper gloom afar
Came the English ship-of-war Calliope;
"We have lost our anchors, comrades, and
Though small the chances are,
We must steer for safety and the open sea."
Then we climbed aloft to cheer her as she passed
Through the tempest and the blackness
and the foam:
"Now, God speed you, though the shout
should be our last,
Through the channel where the maddened breakers cumb,
Through the wild reef's hill and hollow,
On the path we cannot follow,
To your women—and your children and your home!"
Oh! remember it, good brothers. We two
people speak one tongue,
And your native land was mother to our land;
But the head, perhaps, is basty when the nation's heart is burning,
And we prize of things we do not understand.
But the day when we stood face to face with death,
(Upon whose face few men may look and tell),
As long as you could bear, or we had breath,
Four hundred voices cheered you out of the hell
By the will of that stern chorus,
By the motherland which bore us,
Judge if we do not love each other well.

ALLIGATOR FRAGRANCE.
Most interesting of all South Florida fruits, because little cultivated, almost unknown outside of the tropics, and most highly appreciated when once introduced, is the alligator or alligator pear—the agave of Cuba. A very few alligator pears are grown in sheltered spots of southern California, but South Florida, below latitude 25 degrees, is the only section of the United States where it can be cultivated on a large scale and as a profitable crop. Here it grows as luxuriant and with as little care as the guava, though it requires a great depth of soil. The tree is tall, slender, and covered with a dense foliage of dark glossy green, while the ripened fruit, also green in color, is somewhat diamond shaped, and is covered with a soft, downy skin, and is eaten with a spoon, or made into a salad, is delicious beyond description. No other fruit is so popular without wanting another, and the taste once acquired demands to be gratified again and again. I have known fifty and even seventy-five cents apiece to be paid for a single alligator pear, and when I saw a man in a Broadway dealer which was the most generous in his store, he promptly answered, "Alligator pears."—Harper's Round Table.

—Don't forget or you'll regret. The A. O. E. excursion to Wellington.

LEGAL NOTICES.

NOTICE.

"Creditors' Trust Deeds Act, 1890, and Amending Acts."
Notice is hereby given that Francis Henry Ross and John Walter Ross, both residing at 33 Victoria Crescent, Victoria, and doing business in partnership as House and Sign Painters, under the firm name of F. H. Ross & Co., at 302 Fort Street, Victoria, by deed dated the 15th day of July, 1890, assigned all their real and personal property to Jacob Isler, residing at said 33 Victoria Crescent, and doing business as a collector at 36 1-3 Government Street, Victoria, for the purpose of paying and satisfying, rateably and proportionately, without preference or priority the debts of the creditors of the said Francis Henry Ross and John Walter Ross. The said deed was executed and the trusts accepted by the said Jacob Isler, on the said 15th day of July, 1890.

Dated this 16th day of July, 1890.
JACOB ISLER,
Trustee and Assignee.

NOTICE OF ASSIGNMENT.

Pursuant to the "Creditors' Trust Deeds Act, 1890," and Amending Acts.
Notice is hereby given that Len Ton Poy, of the city of Victoria, in the province of British Columbia, carrying on business at the said city of Victoria under the name and style of W. O. Poy & Co., has by deed dated the 8th day of July, 1890, assigned all his real and personal property, clear of all encumbrances, for the purpose of paying and satisfying rateably and proportionately, without preference or priority, the debts of the creditors of the said W. O. Poy & Co. The said deed was executed by the said Len Ton Poy, the assignee, and Hong Pook, the trustee, on the 8th day of July, 1890, and the said deed is filed for record in the office of the Registrar of the Supreme Court of British Columbia, at Victoria, B. C., on or before the 9th day of August, 1890, and all persons having claims against the said W. O. Poy & Co. are hereby notified that they must forward or deliver full particulars of such claims, duly verified, addressed to the undersigned, No. 40 Piquet Street, Victoria, B. C., on or before the 9th day of August, 1890, and all persons indebted to the said assignor are requested to pay such indebtedness to the said trustee and assignee.
And notice is hereby given that after the said 9th day of August, 1890, the trustee and assignee will proceed to distribute the assets of the said W. O. Poy & Co. among the parties entitled thereto, having regard only to the claims of which the said trustee and assignee had notice, and that the said trustee and assignee will not be liable for the payment of any part thereof so distributed to any person of whom no debt or claim was shown at the time of such distribution, have had notice.

Dated this 8th day of July, 1890.
HONG POOK,
Trustee and Assignee.

In the Supreme Court of British Columbia.

In the matter of the Winding Up Act, and in the matter of the Winding Up Amending Act, 1889, and in the matter of the Burrard Inlet Red Cedar Lumber Company, Limited, Liability.
TO WHOM IT MAY CONCERN:
Notice is hereby given, pursuant to three clauses of Hon. Mr. Justice Walker, that application will be made by the Liquidators of the Burrard Inlet Red Cedar Lumber Company, Limited, on Saturday, the 25th day of July, 1890, at 10:30 o'clock in the forenoon, for an order appointing Arthur Howard Harman, of Victoria, B. C., Accountant, liquidator of the above company.
Victoria, 13th July, 1890.

BODWELL & IRVING,
Solicitors for Petitioners.

NOTICE.

Application will be made to the Parliament of Canada during its next session for an act to incorporate the Pacific Railway Company, with power to construct a railway from Victoria, British Columbia, to Winnipeg, Manitoba, via Brita Inlet, Cariboo, Edmonton and Prince Albert, with a branch line to a convenient port on Hudson Bay, with power to purchase, lease, amputate or make running arrangements with existing lines or companies on the line of the proposed railway or connecting therewith.
Montreal, July 1st, 1890.

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that I intend to apply at the next sitting of the Board of Licensing Commissioners for the city of Victoria, for a transfer to George Lester Jones of the license now held by me to sell spirituous and fermented liquors by retail upon the premises known as the Vancouver Hotel, situated on Yates Street, in the city of Victoria.
Dated the 5th day of July, 1890.

F. J. DAWLEY.

TENDERS.

Notice to Contractors.
Tenders for alterations and additions to a residence on Esquimalt road, will be received up to noon on 26th inst. Lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.
Plans and specifications may be seen at office of
R. MACLEOD, Architect,
Room 3, Five Storey Block.

BARGAINS IN EVERYTHING DURING THE CLEARANCE SALE.

Lansdowne House.
86 Yates Street. John Partridge.

Read THE PROVINCE.

THE PROVINCE

"A Province I will give thee."—ART. & CLRO.

OFFICES AT VICTORIA AND VANCOUVER, B.C.

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The Province, Lt. Liability VICTORIA, B. C.

British Columbia.

NANAIMO.

The boom of Leveridge's patent derelict, measuring 96 feet in length, was destroyed by the fire at the Duke of York claim, Alford.

J. P. Schmidt, a prospector, has received five claims, situated about twelve miles above the upper Nanaimo lake, the ledge on one of these claims is 40 feet wide, and a crushed sample of rock yielded 28 colors. No assays have yet been made.

Government Bridge Inspector Rockett and a small gang of men are engaged in rebuilding the Nanaimo river bridge. Additional supports will be put in at the end, so as to insure the safety of the bridge for a few years to come.

Mrs. P. Grant, of Victoria, Crescent, and one of her ribs broken this afternoon. It is reported that the buggy was speeding towards Stark's Falls, when a horse took fright and ran away.

The farmers in Comox district are complaining bitterly of the extended drought and high scorching winds, which have almost destroyed all the growing crops of grain, vegetables and fruit. They fear that the harvest will be a poor one, and still further intensify the prevailing hard times. It is doubtful if even copious showers of rain could now revive the scorched up vegetation.

NEW WESTMINSTER.

The death of Mr. John Wilson, for the past five years manager of the Esquimalt Saw Mill Co., New Westminster, occurred at midnight on Tuesday last. Mr. Wilson was born at Appleton, County of Lanark, Ont., on April 20th, 1846, and consequently was 50 years of age. He began business as a clerk in the general store of H. Wylie & Co., Almonte, Ont., subsequently engaging in the service of Mr. South, the Ottawa lumber king, with whom he remained a trusted servant for nearly twenty years. He arrived in British Columbia about the middle of the year 1866, and in the following year took charge of the new saw mill which his company had erected at Sapperton in 1866. During several years Mr. Wilson and those associated with him in the local conduct of the company's business, applied themselves energetically to the development of the saw mill, and, as a result, built up an over-extended connection, which had attained considerable proportions when, in July, 1886, the large and valuable mill owned and operated by the company caught fire and was almost entirely destroyed.

This disaster completely disorganized the company's extensive business connections, but after Mr. Wilson had visited and conferred with the leading eastern stockholders in the company, the rebuilding of the mill was decided upon, and Mr. Wilson and his associates threw themselves with fresh energy into the work of re-establishing the trade of the company. Not for long, though, was he permitted to carry out the very onerous duties this involved. For some time past it has been known to a few intimates that he was unequal to the strain. A recent visit to San Francisco was not attended with permanent beneficial results, and latterly he found it imperative necessary to seek quiet and freedom from the harassing cares of business. A brief sojourn at Plummer Beach, where he was attended by Mrs. Wilson, brought no improvement, so on Monday last he returned to his home in New Westminster. There he sank into unconsciousness, and the situation being a grave one, a professional nurse was obtained from St. Luke's Home, Vancouver. However, human aid could do nothing for him, his malady being one that the best medical skill could not successfully cope with, so on Tuesday at midnight, he passed away, syncope being the immediate cause of his death.

Mr. Wilson was held in very high esteem by all who knew him. As a citizen his public efforts were mainly in connection with the New Westminster board of trade, in the capacity of president of which for two years, and latterly as vice-president, he did his utmost to advance the commercial interests of the city and district. In private life he was much respected, especially by his friends, who enjoyed the privilege of his friendship.

Of a kindly disposition and warm-hearted nature, he was a man who could be trusted, especially from a comparative small community. He was an ardent member of St. Andrew's Presbyterian church, in the affairs of which he took an active interest. Mr. Wilson leaves a widow and little adopted daughter, who deeply mourn his loss, and to whom he extended the deep sympathy of numerous friends and acquaintances. The funeral took place to-day at 2 p.m., the body being interred in the Oddfellows' cemetery, Sapperton, which is situated within one hundred yards of the Brunette saw mill. Rev. Thomas Scouler, minister of St. Andrew's church, officiated, and there was a large attendance of citizens.

The gold pulverizing works are closed down for lack of material to work on. All the dirt on hand before the freshet set in, has been worked over, and as the richest bars are now covered to some depth with water, it is difficult to get the material. The company expect a fresh supply of dirt next week and will then resume at once. The results so far to the company have been highly encouraging, and they will put in more machines at an early date.

Are You Tired. All the time? This condition is a sure indication that your blood is not rich and nourishing as it ought to be, and as it may be if you will take a few bottles of the great blood purifier, Hood's Sarsaparilla. Thousands write that Hood's Sarsaparilla has cured them of that tired feeling by giving them rich, red blood.

HOOD'S PILLS act easily and promptly on the liver and bowels. Cure sick headache.

The old reliable Mason fruit jar at Weller Bros. You will save lots of trouble by using Mason jars; pint, quart and half-gallon sizes.

We supply shaving outfits that we guarantee. Get one at Fox's, 78 Government street.

Trout rods and flies, see our fine stock at Fox's, 78 Govt. St.

TAMING A HUMMING BIRD.

Several cases are on record of attempts to tame humming birds, but when placed in a cage they do not thrive and soon die. The orange groves of Southern California abound in these attractive creatures and several can often be seen about the flowering bushes, seeking food or chasing each other in play. When living on the slopes of the Sierra Madre mountains, where they were very plentiful, I accomplished the feat of taking one in my hand.

I first noticed it in my garden, resting on a mustard stalk, and, thinking to see how near I could approach it, I gradually moved toward it by pretending to be otherwise engaged until I was within five feet of it. The bird looked at me calmly and I moved slowly nearer, whistling gently to attract its attention, and I began to think something was the matter with it. It bent its head upon one side, eyed me sharply, then flew to another stalk a few feet away, contemplating me as before. Again I approached, taking care not to alarm it, and this time it was almost within reaching distance before it flew away.

The bird seemed to have a growing confidence in me, and I became more and more deliberate in my movements, until I finally stood beside the little creature, looking at me with its head tilted upon one side, as if questioning what I was about. I then withdrew and approached again, repeating this several times before I stretched out my hand to take it, at which it flew to another bush. But at the next time it allowed me to grasp it, and I had caught a wild bird open-handed, without even the use of skill.

Such instances must be rare where birds are familiar with human beings. In some of the islands of the South Pacific birds had been found that had never seen a man before, and allowed themselves to be picked up and even had to be pushed out of people's way.

One of the curious features of humming birds is that they are never found in Europe, being exclusively American, ranging in this country from the extreme north to the tropics, adding to the beauty of the field and grove, being veritable living gems. Nothing can approach the humming bird in its gorgeousness or decoration. It is especially rich in metallic tints, seemingly splashed with red, blue, green and other colors. Some appear to be decked in a coat of mail, others blaring in the sunlight with head-dresses and breastplates that are dazzling to behold, and defy description. The smallest of birds, they are one of the most beautiful of the many ornaments of our fields and gardens.—Our Animal Friends.

PAST YOUR PRIME

Perhaps not in years, but in energy. Your health is not good, yet you hardly know what is the matter with you. Your business, too, is on the decline. People miss the old elastic spirit you showed in former years. The secret of all this is that your constitution is worn out and your blood is bad. Set both right by the use of Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills. One box will cure you of

DYSPEPSIA
RHEUMATISM

CATARRH

HEADACHE

AILMENTS PECULIAR TO WOMEN.

SCROFULA

NERVATION

SCIATICA

POOR BLOOD

INDIGESTION

LIVER COMPLAINT

LOSS OF APPETITE

SEVERE KIDNEY DISEASES.

Thousands of sufferers have publicly testified to the efficacy of Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills. They are the best, so use the best. One pill a dose, one cent a dose, 25 cents a box.

For Sale by all dealers, or by the manufacturers, Edmonson, Bates & Co., Toronto.

Use Chase's Linseed and Turpentine for all throat and lung troubles. Large bottle, small dose, small price, 25c.

Two drunks and a traveler who failed to pay his license were in the police court this morning. The drunks were convicted and discharged and the other case was remanded until the 31st inst.

Why don't you try Carter's Little Liver Pills? They are a positive cure for sick headache, and all the ills produced by disordered liver. Only one pill a dose.

We have received two hundred and thirty-five rolls of Japanese matting this season and can offer you the best value your money can buy. Weller Bros.

"The Yellow Fellow"

Is the title bestowed on the Stearns by the admirers of its orange rims. In constructing the '96 Stearns we have striven to make the best bicycle producible, and if best materials, superior workmanship, unsurpassed facilities and honest effort count for anything, we have surely succeeded.

Our handsome new catalogues, which we will mail on request, is not more artistic than the wheel itself.

AMERICAN RATTAN CO.
TORONTO, ONT.
CANADIAN ROLLING MACHINERY.

Notice.

Waddington Alley is closed to traffic.

E. A. WILMOT,
City Engineer.

1715

Judicious
Advertising
is like a
refreshing shower
in the
hot summer;
it will revivify
your trade.

You have
special lines
for the season;
give them
publicity,
and help the
purchaser;
he will
appreciate it.

To obtain
the best
results
advertise in
The Times,
the quickest
means of
catching the eye
of the public.



THEY COUNT BY THE SCORE

Yea, By the Hundreds, Those Who Have
Been Cured of Dire Disease By
South American Nervine.

A Common Widespread and Universal in its Application.

Where Other Medicines Have Failed and Doctors Have
Pronounced the Cases Beyond Cure, This
Great Discovery Has Proven a
Genuine Elixir of Life.

The Same Virtues Come From Old and Young, Male and Female,
Rich and Poor, and From All Corners of the Dominion.

If it is the case that he who makes bottles of Nervine, and can truthfully say that I am a new man. A short observer of human nature has said: "The hand that rocks the cradle moves the world." How important it is, then, that health and strength should be made the lot of the mothers of this country. The women of Canada are ready by scores to tell of the benefits that have come to them through the use of South American Nervine. Mrs. R. Armstrong, of Orillia, wife of the companion of the Bible Society of that town, suffered for six years from nervous prostration. Medical assistance did not help. "In desperation I tried through years of overwork. At least he felt his case was hopeless, for the best physicians had failed to do him good. He tried Nervine, and there are his words: 'I gladly say it: Nervine cured me and I am to-day as strong and well as ever.' Mrs. J. H. H. of Montreal, was cured of neuritis of the stomach and bowels by three bottles of this medicine. Jas. Clewett, of Windsor, at 78 years of age, suffered from an attack of paralysis, a life, at that age, was despaired of. But four bottles of Nervine gave him back his natural strength. A victim of indigestion, W. F. Belger, of Newbury, says: "Nervine cured me of my suffering, which seemed incurable, and had baffled all former medical efforts." Peter Benson, of Lecky, lost flesh and rarely had a good night's sleep, because of stomach trouble. He says: "Nervine stopped the annoying pains in my stomach the first day I used it. I have now taken two bottles and I feel entirely relieved, and can sleep like a top." A representative farmer, of Western Ontario, is Mr. C. J. Curtis, residing near Windsor. His health was seemingly completely destroyed through a gripe. No medicine did him any good. "To three bottles of Nervine," he says, "I attribute my restoration to health and strength." Neither man or woman can enjoy life when troubled with liver complaint. This was the sentiment and feeling of W. J. Hill, the well-known builder of Bracebridge. "I was so bad," says he, "that one of my medical attendants said that I was dying, but, thank God, I am not dead yet. From the first few doses I took of Nervine I commenced to feel better, and am to-day restored completely to my usual health." A resident of the Maritime Provinces, in the person of S. Jones, of Sussex, N.B., says: "For twelve years I was a martyr to indigestion, constipation and headache. The treatment of several physicians did not help me. I have taken a few bottles of Nervine, and can truthfully say that I am a new man." A short observer of human nature has said: "The hand that rocks the cradle moves the world." How important it is, then, that health and strength should be made the lot of the mothers of this country. The women of Canada are ready by scores to tell of the benefits that have come to them through the use of South American Nervine. Mrs. R. 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Newspaper space is too valuable to permit of further additions to these earnest words of testimony from those who know just what they are talking about. In the common language of the day, they have been there, and are speaking from the heart. The dozen or more witnesses that here speak have their counterparts by the hundreds, not only in the province of Ontario, but in every other section of the Dominion. South American Nervine is based on a scientific principle that makes a cure a certainty, no matter how desperate the case may be. It strikes at the nerve centers from which flows the life blood of the whole system. It is not a medicine of patchwork, but is complete and comprehensive in its action.

For Sale by Dean & Hiscocks and Hall & Co.

Advertise in the Times. It pays.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U.S. Gov't Report

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

EAST OF THE ROCKIES

Investigation at Halifax into the Tragedy on Board the Barkentine Fuller.

The Sad End of Gilbert Brass, the Idolized Son of a Rich Ontario Farmer.

News Items Gleaned From Many Points in the Great Dominion.

Halifax, July 24.—A hearing at the request of U. S. Consul Ingraham into the triple murder committed on board the barkentine *Herbert Fuller* was begun before the stipendiary magistrate here yesterday morning. It was strictly private and held in the office of the magistrate, besides whom only the witnesses, Lester H. Monks, who was a passenger on the vessel, his counsel and his father and uncle were present. Monks was called upon to testify first, as he was the one who discovered the murder and gave the alarm as well as having been the most active in subsequent events. After he had finished the members of the crew of the *Fuller*, including Mate Bram, who are in custody, were heard separately. The only information given out was that all the testimony taken at the hearing would be immediately sealed and forwarded to Washington. At the police station it was stated that Bram, the mate, seemed to be breaking down, and the authorities are beginning to look for a confession.

The inquiry was concluded last night. Seaman Thomas Brown swore positively that he saw Mate Bram kill Capt. Nash with axe and afterwards heard cries and groans from the captain's wife. His excuse for not making it known at the time was that he was afraid the mate would kill him. Mate Bram does not seem able to recognize some of his statements, but persists in his assertion that he is innocent. He says he saw no one do the killing, but thinks it was Brown. On recommendation of the medical examiner, the city stipendiary will begin an investigation. Young Monks was released on bail given by his father. The bodies of the victims were sent to Maine last night.

Toronto, July 24.—Particulars concerning the young man Gilbert Brass, whose dead body was found on the roadside at Scarborough, near this city, a few days ago, shows that he was the only child of a rich farmer living at Frankfort, a village in Prince Edward county. His father idolized him and spent a large sum of money in educating him. The son, however, proved a ne'er-do-well and ran away from home. On June 24 his father left him on the farm for a few hours, and returning in the evening found him drunk. In the few words that followed the son said he would never let his father see him again. He got hold of some money and valuable gold watches and went off to Belleville, and subsequently to Hamilton until the money was all gone. Presumably he was trying to walk home when he came to his death.

Lawyer William Cline, of Port Huron, Michigan, was drowned in the St. Clair river, near St. Ignace. He was boating with a party when the boat upset. He tried to swim ashore but went down.

Andrew Burrows, of Smith Falls, has completed a deal for two thousand heads of steers for France. There is no embargo on cattle to that country.

Three toll gates and the houses of the keepers were burned in Essex county on Tuesday night by farmers who took this method of expressing their dislike at the collection of tolls on highways.

Ottawa, July 24.—The Canadian authorities have decided not to offer any opposition to the extradition of those accused of the murders on the barkentine *Herbert Fuller*.

Winnipeg, July 24.—About 15,000 people attended the Winnipeg exhibition yesterday, a civic half holiday being declared for the afternoon. Hon. John Dwyer, of Ontario, pronounced the stock exhibit and the fair in general to be one of the best ever held in the west.

An immense tract of prairie between Calgary and Medicine Hat in Alberta, principally near Gleichen, is being burned over by prairie fires which are raging very badly at present. Along the C. P. R. track the prairie on the north side has been burned over for about fifty miles, and as far north as one can see. There has been some rain, but not heavy enough to put the fires out.

Napawee, July 24.—Allen Pringle, the well known agriculturist and bee keeper, died yesterday aged 55. It is thought from the effects of a sinusitis, a few weeks ago. He had charge of the Canadian honey exhibit at the World's Fair.

St. Catharines, July 24.—The Dominion Inspector of labor discovered on Wednesday that fourteen boys were laboring in the box factory who were under the statutory age. He dismissed them and the employers are under a heavy penalty for employing help under fourteen years of age.

Coburg, July 24.—At half-past four yesterday morning Mrs. Lewis Taylor was awakened by a noise at the window of her bedroom; presently a man's arm was pushed through holding a revolver, and a voice demanded money. She recognized the voice as that of her husband, who left home some time ago; and she told him to begone. He fired a bullet, which lodged in her arm. He then fled.

Montreal, July 24.—Francis Belanger,

engineer on the steamer *Reliance*, was killed yesterday at the L'Original wharf while the boat was getting ready for Ottawa, through a misunderstanding of the captain's orders. Belanger was drawn into the wheel box and instantly killed.

Windsor, July 24.—The Roman Catholic Dean Warner, of Windsor, is reported to be in a very low state at Rome where he is spending a long visit on account of illness.

Clinton, July 24.—William Cantelon, 90 years old, a resident of Huron county, was killed near Clinton by a train. Prescott, Ont., July 24.—A large brewery known as the Grenville brewery, three miles west of this town, was destroyed by fire. The damage will be about \$300,000, fully covered by insurance. A dispatch was sent to Ogdensburg asking for assistance from the fire department there, and an engine was sent across the St. Lawrence, but its assistance was not needed as the fire was not under control.

Windsor, Ont., July 24.—Mathias Gray, a workman in the employ of Greenfinger's brewery, has disappeared. This morning two notes were found in his room addressed to his wife and the foreman of the brewery, in which he said he was tired of life, that his situation was unwholesome, that he had domestic difficulties and that he had determined to take his life and his body would be found in the river. His wife lived in Detroit.

A COSTLY THRONE.

At the time of the coronation of the Czar of Russia much was printed in the newspapers, says Harper's Round Table, about the costly crown jewels and the magnificent imperial throne, for all its magnificence and richness this nineteenth century throne was nothing when compared to that of the Mogul Emperors of Delhi. This Indian throne was built in the reign of the Shah Jehan by a Frenchman who had been forced to seek an asylum in the Mogul empire. It was called the peacock throne, to distinguish it from other royal chairs, and because it was decorated with the figures of two huge peacocks. The throne was six feet long by four feet wide, and stood on six massive legs, which were of solid gold inlaid with rubies, emeralds, diamonds and all kinds of precious stones. The tails of the peacocks were extended fanlike behind the throne, and they, too, were inlaid with pearls, emeralds and other gems of suitable color. The whole was surmounted by a canopy of gold supported by twelve pillars, likewise studded with diamonds and precious gems. The border of the canopy being made of a fringe of beautiful pearls. Between the two peacocks perched a life-sized parrot, which was carved out of a single emerald. The royal umbrellas, which are appendages to most Oriental thrones, were made of the finest silks, and were fringed with pearls, the handles being of solid gold studded with diamonds. It has been said by many writers that the famous Koutnoor diamond was originally set in this peacock throne. This story is very possibly true, inasmuch as the Koutnoor was at one time owned by the Shah Jehan. This throne has been valued at \$30,000,000, and this figure is doubtless not exaggerated, for the Mogul Emperors were wonderfully rich monarchs. When the Persians sacked Delhi, in 1739, they destroyed the peacock throne and carried off its jewels. A simple block of white marble now stands in the private audience hall in the palace of the Mogul Emperors at Delhi to show where this gorgeous chair once stood.

FRENCH EXHIBITION OF 1900.

The system employed by the French government for covering the expenses of the exhibition of 1889 proved such a success, financially, that it has been decided to adopt the same course for the coming exhibition of 1900. This system consisted in the issue of lottery bonds with entrance tickets to the exhibition attached. On the 20th of the present month 3,250,000 lottery bonds for the exhibition of 1900 are to be issued, the value of each \$4, with twenty entrance tickets attached to it. These tickets cover the value of the bonds, but to the happy possessor their great attraction lies in the 20 lottery drawings, which are to take place between the years 1890 and 1900, inclusively. At the first of these, in August of the present year, the highest prize is \$100,000; others follow in September, October, November and December, in which the highest prize figures at \$20,000. During each of the following years, including the exhibition year, there are to be six drawings, with one prize of \$100,000 and five at \$20,000 as highest drawings. In addition to this arrangement is to be made by which owners of bonds are to be transported, either by rail or steamboat, to the exhibition at inferior rates, and are also to obtain admission to many of the spectacles in the interior of the exhibition at reduced prices. With these attractions, and given the well known gambling instincts of the nation, the government hopes to insure the same brilliant success as that which crowned its previous effort—Harper's Weekly.

Bad Blood Between Them.

The ever slaying farmer's wife, her delicate sister in the city, suffer more than they care to tell. The dark rings round the eyes, headaches, dizziness, palpitation or rheumatic twinges, broken a run-down system. The blood is poor, and is a bar to enjoyment of life. Scott's Sarsaparilla purifies the blood, strengthens and vitalizes the system, and speedily restores the bloom of health to the cheeks. It cures when all others fail.

ROYAL Baking Powder has been awarded highest honors at every world's fair where exhibited.

DEEP WATER PRESSURE.

A crushed mass of iron now lying in a heap in a swampy yard at Pittsburg demonstrates the tremendous pressure of water at a great depth. It was constructed for a diving bell, and was intended for use in Lake Michigan. An originally constructed it was a cube of about six feet square, tapering slightly at both ends. The material was phosphor bronze, five-eighths of an inch thick. Each plate was cast with a flange, and they were bolted together, the bolts being placed as closely together as was consistent with strength. The side plates were further strengthened by ribs an inch thick and two inches wide, and the entire structure was very strongly braced. The windows intended to be used as outlooks by the divers inside, were three inches square, fortified with iron bars and set with glass plates one inch thick. The entire weight of the bell was 23,000 pounds. When completed it was sent to Milwaukee and towed out into the lake about twelve miles, where there was over two hundred feet of water, and was sent down for a test. The manufacturer of the bell was so confident of its strength that he himself wanted to go down in it on the test trip. It was well he did not. When it reached a depth of about 200 feet, strong timbers which had been attached to it came to the surface in a splintered condition. Suspecting an accident, the bell was hauled up and found to be crushed into a shapeless mass. The inch thick plate glass bulks eyes were pulverized and the entire body of the bell forced inward until none of its original lines remained. On a basis of 200 feet depth, the pressure that crushed this seemingly invulnerable structure was 86.8 pounds per square inch, or 331,924 pounds to each side of six feet square. The total pressure, therefore, on the cube was 2,723,548 pounds, or 1,361.7 tons.—Indianapolis Journal.

CHESS.

Nuremberg, July 24.—The first round in the international chess tournament began this morning at 9 o'clock in this city. The results up to one o'clock being as follows: Schlechter beat Winawer in a Ruy Lopez after 29 moves; Teichow beat Hoeser in a Galuco Piano game after 41 moves. The other games were postponed.

PASSENGERS.

Per steamer *Kingston* from the Sound: D. Drakoff, Mrs. Richardson, Miss Le Roy, Mrs. Francis, A. M. Holmes, Miss Jay, E. Ward, J. Barker, J. J. Archibald, Mrs. Tremblay, F. W. Smith, Mrs. Rostler, J. Nestor and wife, Emma Hall, W. T. Tingler, J. J. Spratt, Mrs. Jordan, H. W. Cox, D. McDonald, H. L. Salmon, Chas. Jenkins and wife, Dr. Miller, Richard Hall, R. G. Pean, Master Brownie, Mrs. J. McNabb, Capt. Fraser, F. Kade, M. V. Seymour, Chas. Seymour, W. J. Horn, Mrs. Horn, T. G. Mason, W. Baxter, H. Rothchild, Miss Rothchild, W. Baile, Mrs. Gossell.

CONSIGNEES.

Per steamer *Kingston* from the Sound: A. W. Wilson, W. J. Gussack, H. G. Prior, Sidney Shore, Fell & Co., Lewis & Leiser, Reed & C. J. W. A. McKella, John Wood, L. Goodacre, Jim Wright, Hud Bay Co., S. Matsuda.

Per steamer *Charmar* from Vancouver: E. B. Martin, H. W. & Co., Thor Shaw, S. Leiser, Turner Beaton, D. R. Pottinger, D. H. Ross, F. R. Stewart, John and J. Wood, M. Pihler & Leiser, S. D. Pope, T. Turner, T. F. Gelzer, Wm. Campbell, Don Ex Co.

Per steamer *Rosale* from the Sound: J. Piercy, H. C. Beston, D. H. Ross, John Wilson, Brackman & K. J. Levy, Armon & Co., Weller Bros., Hyckman Tye & Co., John Gilbert, Rihet & Co., S. Leiser.

BIRTH.

CORDINGLEY.—On the 23rd inst. the wife of Edward Cordingley, of a daughter.

DIED.

CARMICHAEL.—At noon to-day, Mr. Neil Carmichael, a native of Argyleshire, Scotland, aged 77 years and 11 months. Funeral on Sunday, 30th inst., at 3 p.m., from 11 Richardson street. Friends please accept this notice.

Ladies, a fine line of A1 scissors and shears at Fox's, 78 Govt. St.



Ayer's Pills

"I have taken Ayer's Pills for many years, and always derived the best results from their use."

For Stomach and Liver troubles, and for the cure of headache caused by these derangements, Ayer's Pills cannot be equalled. They are easy to take, and

Are the Best all-round family medicine I have ever known.—Mrs. May Johnson, 203 Rider Ave., New York City.

AYER'S PILLS Highest Awards at World's Fair. Ayer's Sarsaparilla for the blood.

AMUSEMENTS.

LACROSSE.

Senior Championship Match.

VANCOUVER v. VICTORIA

AT—

Caledonia Park

Saturday, July 25th.

Commencing at 3 p.m.

SPECIAL SNAPS

Solid Gold Watches.
Gold Filled Watches.
Silver and Nickel Watches.

These Goods must be cleared out. Come and let us quote you prices.

DAVIDSON BROS., JEWELLERS, 59 GOVERNMENT ST.

Victoria Lawn Tennis Club.

The open tournament will be held on Monday, 2nd August, 1896, and following days.

PROGRAMME.

Gentlemen's Singles—Championship of B. C.
Gentlemen's Doubles.
Ladies' Singles—Championship of B. C.
Ladies' Doubles.
Mixed Doubles.
Entries must be sent in to the Hon. Secretary, at or before Tuesday, 25th July, 1896. The club handicap will commence Monday, 27th July. Gentlemen's Singles and Mixed Doubles, entrance fee, \$1 for Singles and \$2 for each pair. The entries for handicap will close Friday, 24th July, at 5 p.m.
Ground: Belcher street. Admission to open tournament, \$1.50 for the week, or 50 cents a day.
P. S. LAMPMAN, Hon. Secy. V.L.T.C.
Address: The Law Courts, Victoria, B. C.

Vancouver Island Building Society.

The semi-annual general meeting of the members of the above society will be held in Sir William Wallace Society's hall, Broad street, on Monday, the 27th inst., at 8 p.m.

Business: Receiving the financial statements of the secretary and treasurer, transacting such other business as may come before the meeting and conducting the 88th drawing for an appropriation of \$25,000. See that your shares are not in arrears.

By order,
B. WILLIAMS, Secretary.
Victoria, B. C., July 20th, 1896. 1720-21

TRAFALGAR INSTITUTE

(Affiliated to McGill University)

SIMPSON STREET. MONTREAL.

For the Higher Education of YOUNG WOMEN.

President: Rev. Jas. Barwick, D.D.
Vice-President: A. T. Drummond, F.R.S.
Principal: Miss Grace Fairley, M.A., Edinburgh.

The Institute will reopen on TUESDAY, 14th SEPTEMBER.

For prospectus and other information apply to the Principal, or to A. F. MEDDILL, secy., 22 St. John St., Montreal.

Sun Life Insurance Company, OF CANADA.

New Policies taken up in 1895, \$6,864,092, nearly \$800,000 more than any other Canadian company. Agents, A. H. HARMAN & CO., 44 Broad St.

Corporation OF THE City of Victoria,

Receipts and Expenditure for six months ending 30th June, 1896.

Published in accordance with Section 62 Municipal Clauses Act, 1896.

RECEIPTS.	
Cash on hand Jan. 1, 1896.....	\$ 2,798.05
Bank of B. N. A.....	1,196.45
Land and improvement tax.....	22,718.21
Water rates and rents.....	24,250.15
Trade licenses.....	7,470.00
Liquor.....	6,870.00
Fire insurance company's tax.....	4,100.00
Police court fines and fees.....	978.25
Cemetery fees.....	1,074.55
Road tax.....	1,498.00
Revenue 1896.....	4,815.07
Log tax.....	439.76
Pound fees.....	160.35
Market fees and rents.....	790.55
Education high school fees and.....	125.50
do Gov. per capita grant.....	8,819.84
Miscellaneous receipts.....	492.90
Special rate school purposes.....	615.07
do Board of health.....	5,479.28
Sundry receipts.....	276.11
	\$64,796.72

EXPENDITURE.	
City debt.....	\$45,000.00
Municipal expenses.....	2,514.85
Civil salaries.....	33,026.37
City institutions (maintenance).....	15,422.84
Buildings and surveys.....	309.26
Streets, bridges and sidewalks.....	18,726.94
Miscellaneous.....	9,519.07
Education.....	29,090.29
Board of health.....	4,574.32
	\$142,013.35

Certified correct,
JAS. L. RAYMUR, Auditor.
City Hall, 18 July, 1896.
CHAS. KENT, Treasurer.

Royal Beauties
TURKISH CIGARETTES.
Pronounced by Connoisseurs as O.K.
E. A. MORRIS,
COLONIST BLOCK, GOVERNMENT STREET.

Apricots and Peaches.
THESE FRUITS MAKE DELICIOUS PRESERVES, AND WE HAVE A BIG CONSIGNMENT JUST IN. WE HAVE ALSO THE FRUIT JARS AND PRESERVING VALINE, THE GREAT LABOR SAVER IN THE FRUIT PRESERVING TIME. INQUIRE ABOUT IT.

Ersine, Wall & Co.,
Corner Fort and Government Streets.

USE **OCEAN WAVE BAKING POWDER.** NOTHING EQUAL FOR THE MONEY.

HALL, GOEPEL & CO.,
100 Government Street.
Fire Agency—
Marine Agency—
Life and Accident—
Railway Agents—
Steamship Agents—
Coal Office—

A. OHLSON, Oakland Nursery
Begs to inform his patrons and the public that he is NOT out of business, but has a very fine stock of choice ROSES, EVERGREENS and FLOWERING ORNAMENTAL TREES and SHRUBS, FRUIT TREES, BULBS and general nursery stock here, true to name at prices to suit the times. Orders for fall planting taken now.
WALTER H. GIBSON
33 Pandora St., Victoria, B. C.
Circular, Pamphlet, and General Advertising Distributor for Above and Surrounding Counties. I refer by permission to the Canada and United States Advertisers Agency, London, Canada.
Now Is the Time
To protect your eyes from bright sun light, dust, etc., by wearing
PERFECTED SMOKE GLASSES.
They are cooling, soothing and bene- ficial to any eye.
F. W. Nolte & Co.,
..... The Opticians, 37 Foot Street